El Salvador

Analysis of the state of citizen security *January-September 2023*







Overview

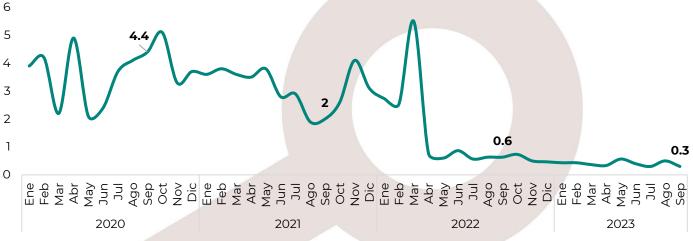
- From January to September 2023, the Office of the Prosecutor General of the Republic reported a total of 110 victims of homicidal violence. This is 75.3 per cent fewer than the 445 victims in the same period in 2022.
- The average daily homicide rate went from 1.6 between January and September 2022 to 0.4 in the same period in 2023. This figure is lower than that of previous years. In 2020, daily average between January and September was 3.5 homicides, and in 2021 it was 3.1.
- Compared with 2022, between January and September 2023, homicides involving general offences plummeted 90.0 per cent (361 fewer victims). On the other hand, homicide due to social intolerance rose 14.8 per cent (4 more victims) and family intolerance increased 129.4 per cent (22 more victims).

- The departmental spread of homicides in the January to September 2023 period shows the highest number of victims of homicidal violence was in San Salvador, with a total of 22 people. Next is La Libertad 17 victims, Santa Ana 11 and San Miguel 10. On the other hand, in Ahuachapán, La Unión and Usulután, eight victims of this crime were registered in each of these departments.
- At the municipal level, 195 of 262 municipalities (74.4%) registered zero homicide victims between January and September 2023, and there were 49 municipalities (18.7 %) with one homicide in this period.
- The department capital city of Santa Ana registered seven homicides this period. The department capital of San Salvador reported six homicides in the same timespan.

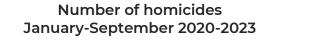
- Also notable, Cuscatancingo and Soyapango municipalities in the Department of San Salvador with four homicides registered in each.
- In the west of the country, the municipalities of San Francisco Menendez and Acajutla reported four homicides each.
- The department capital of San Miguel in the east of the country also reported four homicides.
- The number of people reported missing rose by 9.9 per cent (23 more reports) between January and September 2023, as compared to the same period in 2022.
- Also, this period, a 4.1 per cent rise in reports of theft but decreases were reported in injuries (-14.2%), robberies (-42.2%), extortion (-53.8%), vehicle theft (-15.7%) and vehicle robbery (-71.4%).

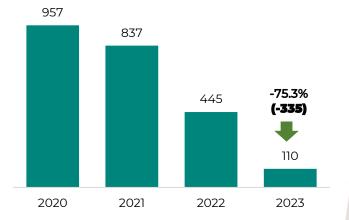
Evidence



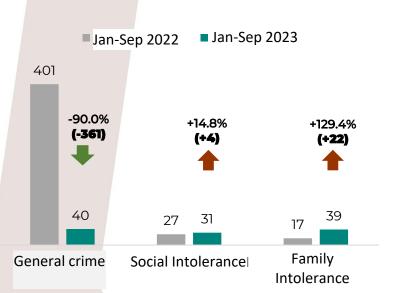


Source: Prepared by UNDP through InfoSegura based on data of the Working Group on Homicide Facts and Figures (2020-2021) and FGR. (2022-2023).



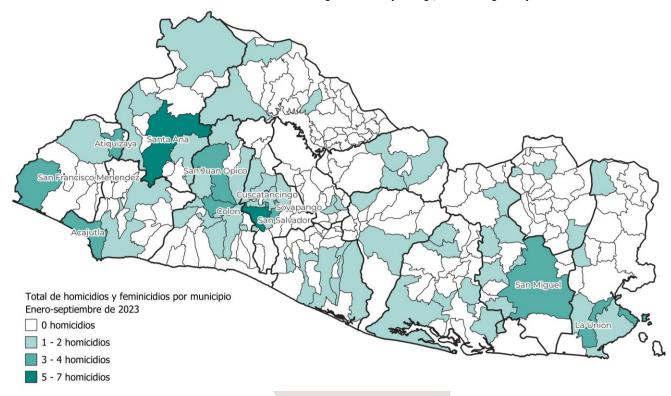


Number of homicides disaggregated by category, January-September 2022-2023

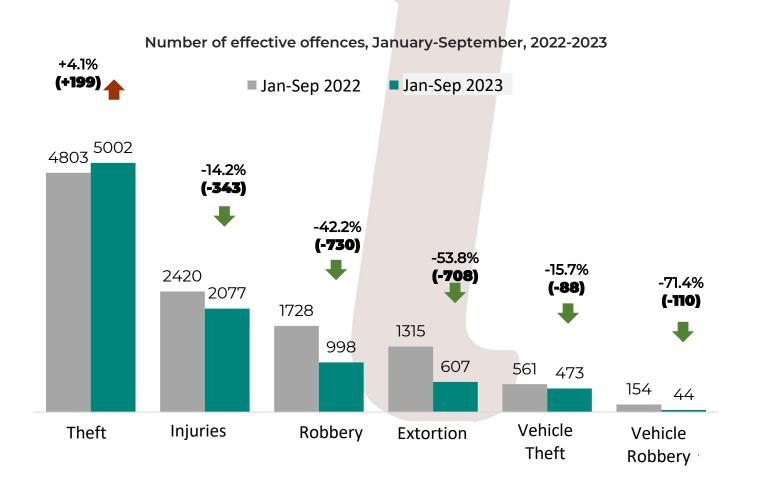


Source: Prepared by UNDP through InfoSegura with based on data from FGR statistics portal.

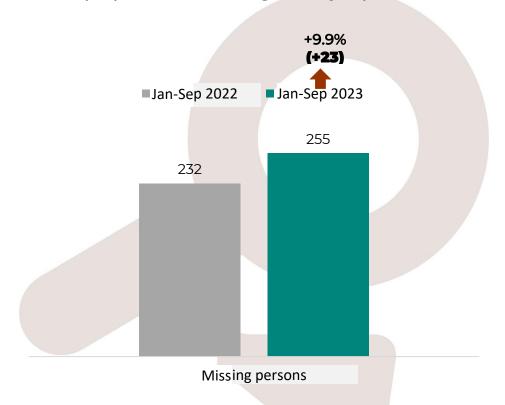
Number of homicides and femicides by municipality, January-September 2023



Source: Prepared by UNDP through InfoSegura based on daily figures published by the National Civil Police (PNC).



Number of people declared missing, January-September 2022-2023



Source: Prepared by UNDP through InfoSegura based on data provided by the National Civil Police (PNC).







Source: Prepared by UNDP InfoSegura, with data provided by the Office of the Prosecutor General of the Republic of El Salvador (FGR) and the National Civil Police (PNC).

report was prepared using data available as of 18 October 2023.